

HISTORY :-

Nervous System :-

1888-1891 (Discovery of Neurons)

Neurons :-



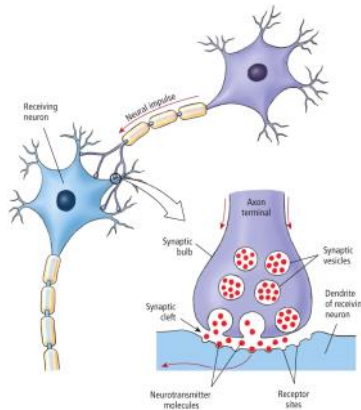
⇒ Heinrich Wilhelm Gottfried ... (Neurons)

⇒ Discrete cells forming a network.



1950 (Synapse)

Using electron microscopy.



AI Spring

Neurons are interconnected through "synapses".

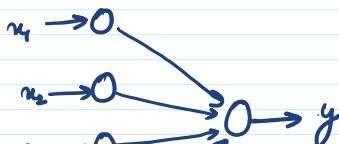
1943

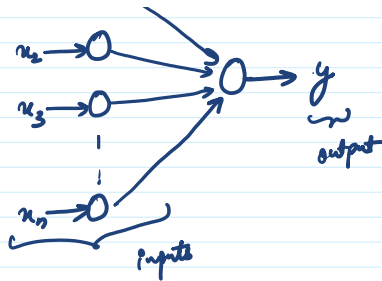
McCulloch Pitts Neuron

(Simplest neuron)

Input - x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots

Output - y



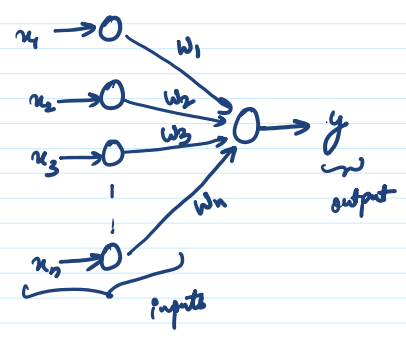


1958

Perceptrons

neurons with weights.
(w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots)

⇒ may be able to learn, make decisions.

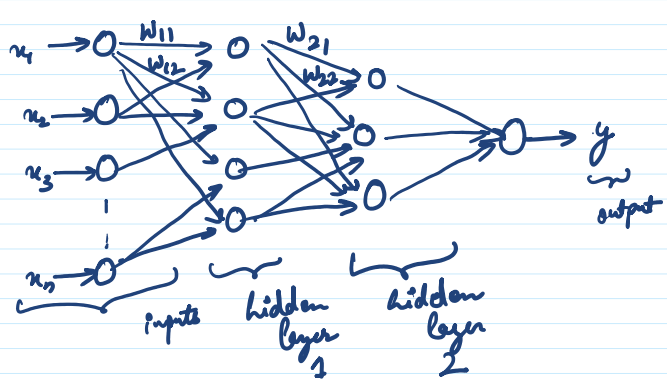


1968

Multi-layer Perceptrons
(MLP)

Input layer → hidden layers → Output layer

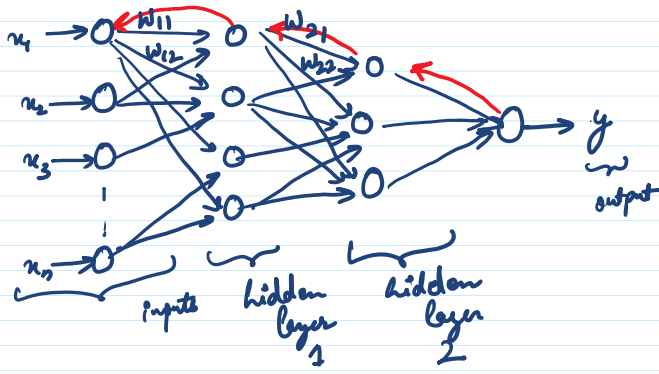
AI
winter



1986

Backpropagation :-

Rumelhart et. al.



Gradient Descent :-

motivated by the need to compute the orbit of heavenly bodies.

1989

Universal Approximation Theorem :-

MLP can be used to approximate any continuous function to any desired precision.



2010

Ciresan et. al.

New record benchmark on MNIST dataset.
(1999)



Class 9: →

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

→ 9.

Input data.

2012 - 2016

Record benchmark on ImageNet Dataset



1000 classes.
 (Car, human, birds, animals, etc.)

